NEBRASKA **WEATHER & CROPS**

For Week Ending May 30, 1999

Phone (402) 437-5541

NEBRASKA AGRICULTURAL **STATISTICS**

Issue: 12-99

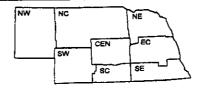
Released: 6/01/99 - 3.00 p.m.

P.O Box 81069 Lincoln, NE 68501

Location. 273 Federal Bldg

Internet: http://www.agr.state.ne.us/agstats/index.htm e-mail. nass-ne@nass usda gov

National Agricultural Statistics Service U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin National Weather Service



Nebraska Department of Agriculture Division of Agril. Statistics Cooperative Extension Service Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources--UN-L

WEATHER

Temperatures across the State averaged near normals for the week. Precipitation was scattered across the Nebraska with amounts ranging from traces in the Northwest to almost two and one-half inches in the Southeast

GENERAL

Warm weather and bright sunshine much of the week resulted in significant planting progress, according to the Nebraska Agricultural Statistics Service Most farmers were able to complete corn and soybean planting last week. Others were waiting for soil to dry or replanting crops damaged due to heavy rainfalls which caused the soil to wash and crust. The recent warmer temperatures also boosted crop development. Cutting of alfalfa has started. Producers are cutting some fields early and spraying others that they can't harvest for awhile Field activities were planting corn, soybeans, and milo, harvesting alfalfa, working summer fallow, fertilizing crops, hauling grain to elevators, and preparing hay equipment.

CROPS

Corn planted was near completion. Corn emerged was at 80%, behind last year's 94% and above the average of 75%. Corn condition was 2% poor,15% fair, 71% good, and 12% excellent

CROPS (cont.)

Soybeans planted moved to 74%, behind 90% last year and above 68% average. Soybeans emerged was at 20%, behind 64% last year and 37% average Leaf beetles have caused damage to seedling soybeans.

Sorghum planted was at 42%, far behind 83% last year and 59% average Sorghum emerged was at 10%, compared to 46% last year, and 26% average

Winter wheat condition was 1% very poor, 2% poor, 18% tair, 66% good and 13% excellent Wheat jointed was at 98%, above last year's 96%, and 95% average Wheat headed was at 48%, behind last year's 64% and above 45% average. Foliai diseases have been showing up in wheat Producers were accessing damage done by hail in southern Panhandle fields

Oats emerged was at 100% complete Oats condition rated 9% tair, 67% good, and 24% excellent.

Alfalfa condition rated 1% poor, 13% tair, 61% good, and 25% excellent. Alfalfa first cutting was 30% complete, compared to 20% last and 12% average. Alfalfa weevils and potato leafhoppers continue to be a problem in area alfalfa fields

LIVESTOCK, PASTURE & RANGE

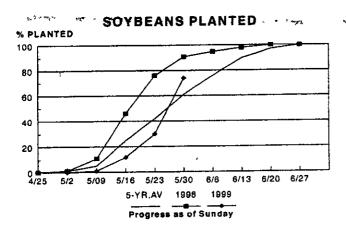
Pasture and range condition rated 1% poor, 12% fair, 66% good, 21% excellent Pasture and range forage production has been very good this spring.

FIELD WORK PROGRESS AS OF		AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS DISTRICTS								LAST	LAST	AVER-
AS OF MAY 30, 1999	NW	NC	NE	C	EC	SW_	SC	SE	STATE	WEEK	YEAR	AGE
% Corn Emerged	78	82	78	84	81	78	86	74	80	45	94	75_
% Wheat Jointed	94	95	99	100	94	99	98	100	98	97	96	95
% Wheat Headed	13	27	94	53	54	82	87	97	48	30	64	45
% Sorghum Planted	33	72	n/a	55	33	34	55	41	42	12	83	59
% Sorghum Emerged	0	47	n/a	21	7	7	6	10	10	22	46	26
% Soybeans Planted	n/a	87	82	78	70	66	82	64	74	30	90	68
% Sovbeans Emerged	n/a	59	ii	28	16	33	30	26	20_	3	64	37
% Dry Beans Planted	29	84	80	32	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	32	10	n/a	n/a
% Dry Beans Emerged	ĺ	34	25	10	n/a	13	n/a	n/a	8	n/a	n/a	n/a
% Alfalfa First Cutting	g	14	36	17	28	19	50	63	30	2	20	12
DAYS SUITABLE AND SOIL MOIS	TURE COL	NOITION										
AS OF MAY 28, 1999										1.0	3 0	
Days suitable	5 5	56	5 6	5 0	5 4	6 5	5 2	4 4	5 4	48	0	
Topsoil moisture - Very Short	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	Ü	•	
(Percent) - Short	4	2	5	3	0	7	2	0	3	<u>!</u>	30	
- Adequate	86	71	79	86	81	73	91	87	81	72	81	
- Surplus	10	27	16	11	19	19	7	13	16	27	16	
Subsoil moisture - Very Short	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
(Percent) - Short	8	5	2	2	0	12	2	0	4	3	4	
- Adequate	86	94	93	82	84	87	95	85	88	81	88	
- Surplus	6	1	5	16	16	1	3	15	8	16	8	

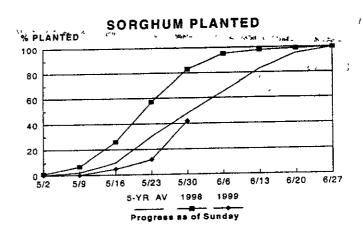
n/a = not available

Lincoln, Nebraska Paid at Periodical Postage

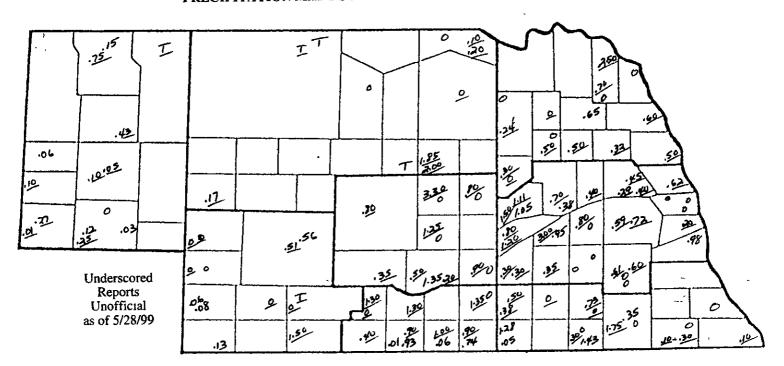
Lincoln, NE 68501 PO. Box 81069 NEBRASKA WEATHER & CROPS



G#140" - 10" + FE 14



PRECIPITATION MAP FOR WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1999



PRECIPITATION, APRIL 1 - MAY 29, 1999

	NW	NC	NE	CEN	EC	sw	SC	SE
Total most work	.07	01	11	.27	28	.17	,16	,39
Total past week			8.28	8.28	9 89	4.64	9 49	10 23
Total since April 1	5.98	6 63	_			4 99	5 79	, 6.66
Normal since April 1	4.68	5.31	6.04	5.87	6 70			
Total as (/ of narrol	128%	125%	137%	141%	148%	93%	164%	154%
Total as % of normal								

TEMPERATURE, PRECIPITATION, AND GROWING DEGREE DAY DATA,

					RDAY, MAY 29	Precipitation	Growing Degree Data		
	_	1	Temp	erature	Total Inches	Since April 15			
	Station	Extremes		Mean		Departure	Last Week	Current	Normal
		Max	Mın				VVCCK	<u> </u>	
NW	Chadron	89	42	63	4	.15	102	359	387
5	Scottsbluff	88	43	63	+2	06	82	310	388
	Sidney	84	44	61		12		510	,,,,
	Valentine	85	39	61	-1	T		n/a	n/a
	Arthur						n/a	370	429
	O'Neill						96		427
NE	Norfolk	83	40	63	-2	0	~~ -		
•	Sioux City	87	42	64	- !	0			. 442
	Concord						100	405	442
	Elgin						101	376	
	West Point						102	412	469
CEN	Grand Island	82	47	65	-1	0	106	417	461
CLIT	Ord	83	48	66		0	102	400	451
	Kearney	***	-			**-	103	410	455
EC	Lincoln	83	43	64	-2	0	109	449	502
Omaha Centra		86	46	66	0	0			
							105	416	468
	Mead						103	442	490
CW		82	47	64		.08			
SW	Imperial	81	41	61	-1	56	96	390	430
	North Platte		71	••-			95	401	444
SC	Curtis					77 -	94	427	451
	Holdrege				••-		107	494	468
	Red Cloud	*					98	432	501
SE	Beatrice						93	399	466
	Clay Center	***						 	

Growing Degree Days (GDD) are used to measure the length of time required for a crop to reach maturity. The formula used to calculate GDD is temps + mirf temps divided by 2 minus 50 = GDD. For example, if the average temperature for a day = 70 degrees, the GDD = 20 for that day. GDD are calculated for each day and accumulated from April 15

Growing Degree Day data is furnished by of Nebraska-Lincoln

Department of Agricultural Meteorology, Institute